### Space heating cost calculation data and procedure used

Price information for propane and fuel oil obtained from (<u>WI State Energy Office</u>) – Average Winter Price (Oct – March) 2015 - 2016

Heating oil: \$2.10/gal
LP/Propane: \$1.16/gal
Natural Gas: \$0.7385/therm
Electricity: \$0.1457/kWh
Wood pellets: \$249/ton

• Average price of seasoned cord wood (\$253\*/cord)

\*Pricing data collected from three companies distributed throughout the state.

Efficiencies gathered from Forest Products Laboratory's Fuel Value Calculator (<a href="http://www.fpl.fs.fed.us/documnts/techline/fuel-value-calculator.pdf">http://www.fpl.fs.fed.us/documnts/techline/fuel-value-calculator.pdf</a>) and calculations done using Pellet Fuels Institute's compare fuel costs webpage (<a href="http://www.pelletheat.org/compare-fuel-costs">http://www.pelletheat.org/compare-fuel-costs</a>)

According to <u>US EIA's Residential Energy Consumption Survey (RECS) 2009</u>, Wisconsin households use 103 million BTU of energy per home. Out of this 56% (or 58 million BTU) is used for space heating.

#### 1. Natural Gas

If cost per therm is \$ 0.7385 and efficiency is 80%, then cost per million BTU = \$9.01

Cost for 58 million BTU is approximately \$ 522

### 2. Propane

If cost per gallon is \$ 1.16 and efficiency is 79%, then cost per million BTU = \$ 16.08

Cost for 58 million BTU is approximately \$ 933

### 3. Fuel oil (#2)

If cost per gallon is \$ 2.10 and efficiency is 83%, then cost per million BTU = \$ 18.33

Cost for 58 million BTU is approximately \$ 1063

#### 4. Electricity

If cost per kWh is 14.57 cents and efficiency is 98%, then cost per million BTU = \$ 43.57

Cost for 68 million BTU is approximately \$ 2527

#### 5. Seasoned cord wood

If cost per cord is \$253 and efficiency is 77%, then cost per million BTU = \$16.43 Cost for 58 million BTU is approximately \$953

### 6. Wood Pellet

If cost per ton is \$249 and efficiency is 83%, then cost per million BTU = \$18.29 Cost for 58 million BTU is approximately \$ 1061

# Map data and metadata

Source of the data for the percentage of occupied housing units using the various fuel types is the American Community Survey 5-year estimates of house heating fuels 2010-2014. <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS\_14\_5YR\_B25040&prodType=table">http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?pid=ACS\_14\_5YR\_B25040&prodType=table</a>

All maps were classified using <u>Jenks Natural Breaks</u> classifier with 5 categories. This classifier minimizes variance within each individual classification while maximizing variance between classifications.

## **Energy/Fuel Quantity Calculations**

Energy source	Required quantity <sup>1</sup> (to produce 58 million BTU <sup>2</sup> )
Natural gas (Mcf)	70.67
Propane (gal)	804.31
Electricity (MW)	17.34
Fuel oil (gal)	506.19
Wood pellets (tons)	4.26
Seasoned cordwood (cords)	3.77

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on net heating values from <u>USFS Forest Products Laboratory Fuel Value Calculator</u> and conversion factor for natural gas of 1 therm = 99.9761 cf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Average annual energy used to heat WI homes is 58 million BTU based on the <u>US EIA's Residential Energy Consumption Survey (RECS) 2009</u>.