MONEY \$MART in Head Start



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When You Need Money

Finding time in your day to plan and budget your money can be tough. There are always busy schedules and family demands. On top of that, having more bills than money can really add to feelings of financial stress.

Studies show that about half of all families have a large, unexpected expense during the year. Paying for a large expense is even more challenging when your income changes from month to month. Saving money when your income is up can help to cushion your budget when your income goes down.

But what do you do when you have a big, unexpected expense and no cushion set aside? Sometimes it's a matter of increasing your income, decreasing your spending, or doing some of each to get the biggest bang for your buck. When you find yourself short on money, it can also be helpful to think about what caused the shortfall:

- A onetime big bill?
- An increase in monthly living expenses?
- A decrease in income?

Knowing what led to the shortfall can help you match the options that are right for your situation—in the short run and the long run.

Bringing in More Money in the Short Run

Who couldn't use a little extra cash? Some options are better for a quick, one-time source of funds to cover a big bill or get caught up, while others will take more time and planning. Here are some ideas to think about:

- \rightarrow Sell items—have a garage sale or sell online.
- → Do odd jobs—housekeeping, yard work, car maintenance, pet sitting. Use your talents and tools.
- → Get a roommate if you own your home and have the space, or if your landlord allows more tenants. Of course, you'll want someone you trust and get along with.
- → Saving for retirement or college? Cut back on your contributions just until you get caught up.

- → Ask for extra hours at your current job. If there is no extra work right now, your boss will know you're interested in the future.
- → Change tax withholding from your paycheck, especially if you get a big tax refund at the end of the year. The IRS has an online tool to help you figure out how much to pay in taxes without owing at the end of the year. Go to https://www.irs.gov/individuals/irswithholding-calculator
- → Claim tax credits during tax time. Even if you don't earn enough to owe taxes, you could still get extra money back by filing for tax credits, like the Earned Income Tax Credit or Homestead Credit.



Boosting Your Income in the Long Run

Can you build your skills or develop new ones?

Workforce Development Programs provide training for new, high-demand jobs. Programs are offered through technical colleges and universities, unions, and other types of apprenticeship programs. To find Workforce Development Programs in Wisconsin, check with your local Job Center: https:// jobcenterofwisconsin.com/

Have you thought about starting your own business?

It takes an average of 3-5 years to earn a profit on a new business. Some people start a business as a part-time job to boost their current work income even though it can be challenging to juggle multiple jobs and demands. Find resources to help you start or expand your own business at: http://worknet.wisconsin.gov/

Lowering Expenses

If you have a big bill, call the creditor and find out if you can make small monthly payments. If yes, this will lower the hit to your monthly budget. Then look at other monthly expenses you may have control over:

- Cancel services for phone or cable—but only if you don't have cancellation fees.
- Get creative in the kitchen—use up those canned goods and dried beans in the cabinet.

For More Information...

Contact your local UW-Extension Family Living Educator for more financial education resources. Go to www.uwex.edu/ces/cty/ to find your County office.

For help with balancing your monthly spending plan, contact a non-profit Certified Consumer Credit Counselor online at www.debtadvice.org or by calling 800.388.2227. • Track your spending and look for other areas where you can cut back, even if just for a little time.

If you've had a drop in income, you may be able to get public benefits to help pay for groceries, heating, or school lunches. Your taxes have paid for these benefits, so be sure to check them out: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/forwardhealth/ index.htm—https://access.wisconsin.gov/

Borrowing and Debt

It may not be possible to increase income or lower expenses enough to cover a big bill. If you decide to borrow money, think about how you'll pay that loan back, how much interest you'll pay, and how to adjust your spending so you can make the loan payments.

Payday/title loans

Interest rates range from 350-500%. It can take months or years to pay back a payday loan. You may pay back almost double what you borrow.

Credit Cards

Figure out your monthly payment with the new charges. Using too much credit can lower your credit score and even raise your insurance rates.

Borrowing from Family or Friends

Can be stressful and cause problems. Talk about how and when the loan is due. Put it in writing.

To \$um It Up:

- \$ Some options for boosting income are better for one-time bills and other options can help with monthly shortfalls.
- \$ Check into resources that can help increase your income.
- \$ Borrowing now means you'll have less money later.
- \$ Track your spending so you can find places to cut back and free up money in your budget.

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