Steps for developing local/state farmland preservation programs

Summarized from Scott Everett's presentation, @ Growing Wisconsin Conference, 2/27/07, Kimberly, WI.

At state level

- Need state law allowing counties to fund, purchase and hold easements on farmland
- Need state law enabling and allowing local governments to do farmland programs such as PDR, TDR
- Need state law that sets up the broad parameters of a PDR program, including, but not limited to:
 - Clear definition of farms and farmland
 - Easements should be perpetuity
 - County/local municipality needs to have a preservation ordinance and a local governing board
 - o Local municipality needs an application procedure
 - o Farmland scoring process with broad criteria, such as
 - Productive capacity of land
 - Complements local planning goals
 - Potential for land to be part of a larger block of land
 - Farmland with a greater amount of match money
 - Land that is partially donated a portion of its value
 - Easements with certain levels of protection and appraisal methods
 - Enforcement
 - Mechanism to cost share
 - Need a State Ag Preservation Board
 - Need a State Ag Preservation Fund
 - Need a State application procedure
 - Need a state scoring process

At the Local Level

- Need to create a program first, then focus on the funding
- Need a local Preservation/PDR ordinance (best at county level)
 - w/ application process
 - scoring criteria
 - \circ easement definition
 - appraisal mechanisms
 - \circ enforcement
 - Sets up a County Ag Preservation Board

This is very difficult to do because most counties don't deal with a county-wide program that focuses on Agriculture. It's hard to understand. It involves money, which makes it political.

• Each town in the county must pass a resolution to allow their landowners to participate in the county program

- Towns must approve every application and make sure it is consistent with their local plan
- (County administered-Township controlled)

Develop before you adopt the local ordinance:

- Draft/Sample town resolution
- Selection/scoring process
- Complete easement (including what can/can't be done on the land once the development rights are sold)
- Appraisal methods
- Possible installment purchase option

Keep in mind (Dos):

- You will need to involve and educate widely
- Don't force the issue with the local board
- Don't discuss funding up front! ("We aren't proposing funding now, we want to establish the program first.")
- Involve younger farmers
- Concentrate on the fiscal and economic benefits that working ag land provides to the community
- Illustrate these programs with examples from other communities and states.

Don'ts:

- Develop a map identifying 'deserving' farms before you develop the program may cause backlash
- Develop a program in order to protect a farm that is at risk from 'imminent' development.

<u>Needs</u>

State leadership Local programs developed

Sample Michigan PDR programs

http://www.accesskent.com/YourGovernment/BOC/PDR/history_of_kent_PDR.htm

http://www.ewashtenaw.org/government/departments/planning_environment/farmland/links_html

http://www.isabellacounty.org/farmlandpres/index.html